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10/615,581	07/08/2003	Otman A. Basir	60,449-072	8290
26096	7590 07/13/2005		EXAMINER	
CARLSON, GASKEY & OLDS, P.C. 400 WEST MAPLE ROAD			DEB, ANJAN K	
SUITE 350	II EE ROND		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
BIRMINGHAM, MI 48009			2858	

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Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

			AK			
	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
Office Action Commons	10/615,581	BASIR ET AL.				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	Anjan K. Deb	2858				
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	pears on the cover sheet w	th the correspondence addr	ess			
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.1 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a repl tf NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute Any reply received by the Office tater than three months after the mailin earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	I36(a). In no event, however, may a r ly within the statutory minimum of thir will apply and will expire SIX (6) MON e, cause the application to become AE	reply be timely filed ty (30) days will be considered timely. ITHS from the mailing date of this comi BANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	munication.			
Status						
1)⊠ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 16 N	1av 2005.					
	s action is non-final.					
3) Since this application is in condition for allowa		ers, prosecution as to the n	nerits is			
, ===	closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.					
Disposition of Claims						
4) ☐ Claim(s) 1-4 and 6-26 is/are pending in the ap 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdra 5) ☐ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ☐ Claim(s) 1-4 and 6-26 is/are rejected. 7) ☐ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) ☐ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	wn from consideration.		·			
Application Papers						
9) The specification is objected to by the Examine	er.					
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) acc		by the Examiner.				
Applicant may not request that any objection to the	drawing(s) be held in abeyar	nce. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).				
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex						
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority document 2. Certified copies of the priority document 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority application from the International Burea * See the attached detailed Office action for a list	ts have been received. ts have been received in A prity documents have been u (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	Application No received in this National St	tage			
Attachment(s)						
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)		Summary (PTO-413) s)/Mail Date				
 Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date 		nformal Patent Application (PTO-1	152)			

DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

1. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

 Claims 1, 11, 13-26 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Wallace (US 2003/0040858 A1).

Re claim 1, Wallace discloses an occupant classification system and method comprising at least one load sensor (weight estimation module 200)(Fig. 2) for determining an amount of load on a vehicle seat, and at least one occupant presence detection sensor for determining whether the load is animate ("live") (para 0087), wherein the system determines that a child seat is present on the vehicle based upon the load sensor determining the weight load on the vehicle seat an empty threshold and based upon OPD sensor indicating no occupant is present [para 0181, and distinguish between live occupant and child seat, para 0182].

Re claim 11, Wallace discloses method for classifying an occupant of a vehicle seat including the steps of:

- a) determining a load on the vehicle seat (weight estimation module 200)(Fig. 2); and
- b) determining whether the load on the vehicle seat is animate ("live") or inanimate (para 0087).

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c) determining that a child seat is present based-upon a determination in said step a) that the load exceeds the empty seat threshold [para 0304] and a determination in said step b) that the load is inanimate [para 0181, and distinguish between live occupant and child seat, para 0182].

Re claim 13, Wallace discloses determining weight of occupant based upon steps a) and b) (see weight estimation module 200, Fig. 2, 16, 17).

Re claim 14, Wallace discloses the step of: d) tracking a position of a head of an occupant of the vehicle seat [para 0088, deflection pattern change with head position].

Re claim 15, Wallace discloses step c) further includes the step of determining the weight based upon said step d) (weight estimation module 200)(Fig. 2).

Re claim 16, Wallace discloses method for classifying occupant of a vehicle seat including the steps of

- a) measuring a load on the vehicle seat [para 0023];
- b) determining a position of a head of an occupant of the vehicle seat [para 0088], and
- c) classifying the occupant based upon said steps a) and b) [0023].

Re claim 17, Wallace discloses the step of:

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d) determining whether the occupant is lying against a back of the vehicle seat, wherein said step c) further includes the step of classifying the occupant based upon said step d) [para 0088].

Re claim 18, Wallace discloses the step of: determining an angle of inclination of the occupant based upon said step b) said step c) further includes the step of classifying the occupant based upon the angle of inclination (leaning)(Fig. 5).

Re claim 19, Wallace discloses the step of determining a weight of the occupant based upon the angle of inclination [para 0088, 0092].

Re claim 20, Wallace discloses the step of determining whether occupant is in a child seat based upon the angle of inclination (sensor deflections created by occupant position)[para 0161, 0165].

Re claim 21, Wallace discloses method for classifying occupant of a vehicle seat including the steps of:

- a) determining a position of a head of an occupant of the vehicle seat [para 0088];
- b) determining an angle of inclination of a seat back of the vehicle seat [para 0011, 0088, 0090]; and
- c) determining whether the occupant is leaning against the seat back based upon said steps a) and b) [0023].

Re claim 22, Wallace discloses d) measuring load on vehicle seat and e) determining a weight of occupant based upon steps c) and d) (see weight estimation module 200, Fig. 2, 16, 17).

Re claim 23, Wallace discloses the step of compensating for the occupant leaning against the seat back in the determination of the weight of the occupant [para 0025] in said step e).

Re claim 24, Wallace discloses determining a weight of occupant based upon the angle of inclination (relative deflections)[0025].

Re claims 25,26, Wallace discloses the position of the head of the occupant is determined independently of a position of a lower body of the occupant on the vehicle seat [0088, see leg length and position, para 0089].

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 3. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 4. Claim 1, 2, 11-13,16 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Stanley US (6,703,845 B2).

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Re claim 1,11, Stanley discloses an occupant classification system (occupant size and position)(column 2 lines 25-34) and method comprising at least one load sensor (weight sensor) for determining an amount of load on a vehicle seat, and at least one occupant presence detection (OPD) sensor for determining whether the load is animate (human body) (column 4 lines 60-65), wherein the system determines that a child seat is present (column 4 lines 24-27).

Stanley did not expressly disclose load sensor determining the weight load on the vehicle seat based on an empty threshold but would have been obvious since Stanley disclosed determining occupant of small stature based on maximum and minimum threshold and also for taking into account any uncertainty in the measurements (column 5 lines 31-39).

At the time of the invention it would have been obvious for one of ordinary skill in the art to modify Stanley by adding an empty threshold limit value for accurately determining weight load on the vehicle seat.

Re claims 2,12,13 Stanley discloses OPD sensor measures capacitance of the load (column 4 lines 60-65).

Re claim 16, Stanley discloses determining position of the head (inherent) (out of position detection)(proximity of object)(column 5 lines 2-5, column 6, lines 12-22, column 7 lines 48-50). Determining position of head is inherently disclosed because Stanley disclosed "capacitive electric field sensor to determine whether occupant is proximate the air bag door" (column 4 lines 46-65), "determining whether occupant is out of position", "sensing occupant

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position", and also by realizing that a change in occupant position would be accompanied by a change in position of the head.

5. Claims 3,4, 6-8, 14-15 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Stanley US (6,703,845 B2) in view of Owechko (US 6,801,662 B1).

Re claims 3, 4, 6-8, 14-15 Stanley disclosed all of the claimed limitations as set forth above except head-tracking system (HTS) for determining a position of a head of an occupant of the vehicle seat.

Owechko disclosed head-tracking system (HTS) for determining a position of a head of an occupant of the vehicle seat for detecting occupant out of position (OOP) situation.

At the time of the invention it would have been obvious for one of ordinary skill in the art to modify Stanley by adding head-tracking system disclosed by Owechko for determining a position of a head of an occupant of the vehicle seat for detecting occupant out of position (OOP) situation.

Re claim 6, Stanley discloses an array of capacitive sensors (spaced electrodes 64) (Fig. 4).

Re claim 7, Stanley discloses the position of the head with respect to a position of the vehicle seat to determine an inclination (position) of the occupant (out of position)(column 5 lines 2-5).

Re claims 8,15 Stanley did not expressly disclose that the weight of the occupant is determined based upon the inclination of the occupant but would have been obvious to do so since Stanley disclosed that both weight and position of occupant are used for controlling deployment of airbag.

At the time of the invention it would have been obvious for one of ordinary skill in the art to modify Stanley and Owechko by adding weight determination based upon the inclination of the occupant for accurately determining occupant position for controlling deployment of airbag.

6. Claims 9,10,18-20 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Stanley US (6,703,845 B2), and Owechko (US 6,801,662 B1), in view of Breed (US 6,412,813 B1).

Re claims 9, 10, 18-20 Stanley and Owechko disclosed all of the claimed limitations except seat back angle sensor.

Breed disclosed method and system for detecting a child seat comprising seat back angle sensor.

At the time of the invention it would have been obvious for one of ordinary skill in the art to modify Stanley and Owechko by adding seatback angle sensor disclosed by Breed for detecting occupant is a child seat.

7. Claim 17, is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Stanley US (6,703,845 B2).

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Re claim 17, Stanley disclosed all of the claimed limitations except determining that occupant is lying against a back of seat. However it would have been obvious to do so because Stanley disclosed determining the position of occupant.

At the time of the invention it would have been obvious for one of ordinary skill in the art to modify Stanley by adding determining that occupant is lying against a back of seat because Stanley disclosed determining the position of occupant.

Response to Arguments

8. In response to applicant's arguments that Stanley does not disclose empty seat threshold for detecting child seat, this feature would have been obvious to account for any measurement uncertainty.

In response to applicant's arguments that Stanley does not disclose determining head position, this feature is considered to be obvious since Stanley disclosed capacitive electric field detector is provided to "determine whether an occupant is proximate the air bag door", "determining whether occupant is out of position", "sensing occupant position", therefore it is clear to the examiner that a change in occupant position would be accompanied by a change in position of the head.

Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 1-26 have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

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Contact Information

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Dr. Anjan K. Deb whose telephone number is 571-272-2228. If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Lefkowitz Edwards can be reached at 571-272-2180.

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7/7/05